Technical Data

FORMULAS

Belt Length

When pulleys are approximately the same size:

$$L = \frac{D+d}{2} \times 3.1416 + 2C$$

When one pulley is much larger than other (at least 3 or more times larger):

$$L = \frac{D+d}{2} \times 3.1416 + 2C + \frac{(D-d)^2}{4C}$$

Belt Speed in Feet per Minute

$$S = D \times RPM \times .2618 \times 1.021$$

Maximum Product Weight on Belt at Any One Time

When load is known per square foot:

$$P + G1 \times C(\text{in feet}) \times W (\text{in feet})$$

When load is known by lbs.per hour:

$$P = \frac{G_2}{S \times 60 \text{ (minutes)}} \times C \text{ (in feet)}$$

Horsepower to Drive a Conveyor Belt

For Level conveyors:

$$HP = \frac{F \times S \times (P+M)}{33,000}$$

For Inclined conveyors:

$$HP = \frac{(P \times B) + (P+M) \times F \times S}{33,000}$$

Effective Tension

Pull needed to move belt and load horizontally

$$E = F \times (P+M)$$

Slack Side Tension

Addition tension required to prevent slippage on pulleydrive

$$E1 = E \times K$$

Tight Side Tension

Total tension to move belt and load horizontally

$$E2 = E + E1$$

Operating Tension

Determines working strength of belt to handle job on per inch width basis

$$T = \frac{E_2}{W}$$

CALCULATING LENGTH OF A ROLL OF BELTING —

Add together the diameter of the roll and the diameter of the hole in inches and divide the result by 2.Multiply by 3.14 and by the number of coils in the roll.This gives the length in inches. Divide by 12 and you will have the approximate number of feet in the roll.

KEY TO SYMBOLS

B − Sine of angle of incline
C − Center to center distance (in inches)
D − Diameter drive pulley (in inches)
d − Diameter tail pulley (in inches)
E − Effective Tension (in lbs.)
E1 − Slackside tension (lbs.)
E2 − Tight side tension (lbs.)

F − Coefficient of friction (see Table #1 below)
G1 − Load per sq.or cu.ft.(in lbs.)
G2 − Load per Hour (in lbs.)
HP − Horsepower
K − Drivefactor (table #2 below)
L − Belt length (in inches)

M − Belt Weight (overall length, not c/c)
P − Product weight (in lbs.)
RPM − Revolutions per minute
S − Speed feet per minute
T − Operating tension PIW (in lbs.)
W − Belt width (in inches)

TABLE #1 – COEFFICIENT OF FRICTION (belt to slider bed or rollers)		
Belt	**Steel or Aluminum**	**Metal Rollers**
FS pulley side	.30 to .35	.10 to .15
Bare Duck or BB side	.20 to .25	.10 to .15
Cover on pulley side	.50 to .55	.10 to .15

TABLE #2 – DRIVE FACTOR K				
Screw Belt Wrap on Drive Pulley	**Gravity or Take-up**		**Weighted Take-up**	
	Bare	**Lagged**	**Bare**	**Lagged**
180°	1.6	1.0	.84	.50
220°	1.2	.6	.62	.35
240°	1.0	.5	.54	.30